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SECTION ONE

Study objectives

The specific objective of this study is to provide a comprehensive analysis of open space, sport/recreation facilities and village halls in the Craven District. Open space will be analysed outside the Yorkshire Dales National Park (YDNP) only, as a separate planning authority manages the open space within the Park.

The assessment of these facilities and the subsequent strategy and action plan will allow Craven District Council (CDC) to plan the improvement, access and protection of this land and facilities.

The information from this study will be used to:

- Inform the development of appropriate planning policy within the Craven District Council (outside the Yorkshire Dales National Park) Local Development Framework.
- Prioritise investment through the development control process in terms of provision of new and improvement of existing facilities.
- □ Establish a strategy for open space, sport and recreation facilities at the local level.
- Establish a strategy for community facilities at the local level to prioritise work programmes with local groups and allocation of funding.

A strategy and action plan will follow all sections of this document and provide a site by site list of possible future developments together with management targets to maintain and increase the quality of existing provision.

Section One aims to introduce and 'set the scene' for the following three divisions.

	Open Space Assessment
_	Playing Ditch Assassment

Playing Pitch AssessmentBuilt Facilities Assessment

Section One will highlight the following:

	Methodology	used	throughout	the study.
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- □ Local context.
- □ Local demographics.
- Generic results of the Craven Leisure Needs Assessment.
- Local issues.

METHODOLOGY

Each element (i.e. open space, outdoor sports facilities and built facilities) of the project uses a different methodology to assess demand for the various typologies of provision. Outlined below are the methods used to collect the data used in each section of the report.

Parish Council Questionnaire

A parish council questionnaire was created by Knight, Kavanagh and Page (KKP) and CDC. The questionnaire was posted to parish councils by CDC, who then collected the majority of replies and entered the data into an open spaces database. After a specific deadline KKP contacted parish councils that had not replied. Management of the database was passed to KKP. The collected data was added to the database.

Despite efforts to collect completed questionnaires by both KKP and CDC a number of parish councils did not respond (or responded too late for their information to be included in the study). It should be noted, therefore, that these parish councils may have facilities that are not included in this study. (Please refer to Appendix one for a list of these parish councils and parish meetings).

Background information

An extensive range of desk top/background information has been reviewed and incorporated in all documents, including the relevant strategy and action plans. Reports with major influence on this study are highlighted in the appropriate section.

Database and GIS analysis

An open spaces database has been created by Craven District Council (CDC) and KKP, which comprises of sites known to CDC and information gathered through the parish council questionnaires. Separate databases of information have been created for the pitch/non-pitch information and the built facilities assessment. The open spaces database includes data on size and typology, which has been used to map sites and their catchment areas using GIS mapping.

Qualitative interviews

The core of the consultation work revolved around extensive consultation with key individuals, clubs, officers, groups and agencies working in and around Craven. Youth clubs, after school clubs and village hall personnel were also visited. Qualitative indepth interviews were conducted either face-to-face or by telephone with consultees.

Site visits

Site visits were conducted by KKP. Open spaces, built facilities and pitch / non pitch sites were assessed using the appropriate criteria.

- Open spaces were evaluated through the use of an assessment proforma (examining the security, condition and value of the site) and a specific play analysis sheet, based upon NPFA guidelines.
- Pitches and non pitch sites were analysed using Sport England assessments and sport specific evaluation sheets.
- Built facility condition was analysed on site and during consultation. Pre agreed questions were used.

(Please refer to Appendix two for a list of all proforma's and questionnaires that were used as part of this study).

Survey

A street survey was undertaken in March 2004 by mruk to identify levels of participation/attendance and key issues to be addressed. These took the form of 600 street interviews at five locations across the District to ensure a representative spread of residents. Locations were agreed with CDC. The following settlements were agreed with CDC as survey locations:

High Bentham	Settle
Ingleton	Skipton
Cross Hills	

To ensure a representative sample, quotas were placed on age and gender (in addition to location). Responses for each of the five analysis areas, (the use of analysis areas is explained in greater detail later in the report), are as follows:

Analysis area	No. of	Analysis area	No. of
	interviews		interviews
High Bentham	100	Skipton	200
Ingleton	100	Settle	100
Cross Hills	100		

A larger quota (33%) was given to Skipton residents as a greater percentage of the District's residents come from this area (35%).

Geographical analysis

To enable meaningful analysis in relation to demand, it was agreed to sub-divide Craven into geographic analysis areas. However, not all the typologies are suitable for such detailed analysis. The table below summarises the analysis basis and rationale for determination.

Туроlоду	Analysis basis	Rationale
Open spaces		
Parks and gardens	4 analysis areas	Data analysis at a local level will allow neighbourhood characteristics to be analysed and valuable aspirational standards to be created that reflect local demand.
Natural and semi natural greenspaces	4 analysis areas	Data analysis at a local level will allow neighbourhood characteristics to be analysed and valuable aspirational standards to be created that reflect local demand.
Green corridors	District	This provision stretches across analysis areas and it therefore makes more sense to analyse it at a district level.
Amenity Greenspace	4 analysis areas	Data analysis at a local level will allow neighbourhood characteristics to be analysed and valuable aspirational standards to be created that reflect local demand.
Provision for children and young people	4 analysis areas	Data analysis at a local level will allow neighbourhood characteristics to be analysed and valuable aspirational standards to be created that reflect local demand.
Allotments, community gardens and urban farms	District	Insufficient provision to justify any other form of analysis.
Cemeteries, disused churchyards and other burial grounds	District	The facilities cater for the whole Borough and are small in number therefore they do not warrant local analysis.
Civic and market squares and hard surfaced areas designed for pedestrians	District	Insufficient provision to justify any other form of analysis.
Outdoor sports facilities		
Pitch/non-pitch facilities	5 analysis areas	The facilities provide local provision for the analysis area and therefore warrant this level of analysis.
Built facilities		

Typology	Analysis basis	Rationale
Major indoor sports provision	5 analysis areas	The facilities provide local provision for the analysis area and therefore warrant this level of analysis.
Village halls and community centres	5 analysis areas	Data analysis at a local level will allow neighbourhood characteristics to be analysed and a picture of local demand to be created.

The Creation of Analysis Areas

The analysis areas were defined/chosen to match those used previously in other spatially based projects carried out by CDC. The open space assessment does not include the YDNP analysis area.

Craven District (outside the Yorkshire Dales National Park) contains a number of key service settlements with the role of providing a broad range of services to the settlement in question and hinterlands. Broadly, studies undertaken for other spatially based projects identify these sub areas:

- □ Skipton and Sub Area
- □ Settle and Sub Area
- □ North Craven and Sub Area
- □ South Craven Sub Area

The outdoor sports facilities and built facilities assessments included the Yorkshire Dales National Park as an additional sub area.

The table below demonstrates the analysis areas used and the parishes included within these. A number of settlements were split between the YDNP boundary and the remaining areas. This is explained further below.

North Craven	Settle sub area	Skipton sub area	South Craven	YDNP
Ingleton & Clapham Ward	Hellifield & Long Preston Ward	Skipton North, East, West and South wards	Aire Valley with Lothersdale	Ingleton & Clapham Ward
Lawkland (split) Austwick (split) Clapham cum Newby (split) Ingleton (split) Thornton In Lonsdale (split)	Hellifield (split) Swinden Nappa Long Preston (split)		Ward Bradleys Both Cononley Farnhill Kildwick Lothersdale	Thornton In Lonsdale (split). Ingleton (split) Clapham cum Newby (split) Austwick (split) Lawkland (split)
Bentham Ward Bentham Burton In Lonsdale	Settle and Ribblebanks Ward Halton West Wigglesworth Rathmell Settle (split) Langcliffe (split)	Embsay with Eastby ward (split)	Glusburn Ward	Penyghent Ward Giggleswick (split) Stainforth Horton in Ribblesdale
	Penyghent Ward Giggleswick (split)	Barden Fell Ward Halton East (split) Draughton Bolton Abbey (split)	Sutton-In- Craven Ward	Settle and Ribblebanks Ward Langcliffe (split) Settle (split)
		West Craven Ward Carleton Elslack Broughton Thornton In Craven Martons Both Gargrave and Malhamdale Ward	Cowling Ward	Hellifield and Long Preston Ward Long Preston (split) Hellifield (split) Gargrave and Malhamdale Ward

	1	
	Stirton with Thorlby (split)	Malham Moor
		Malham
	Gargrave Bank Newton	Kirkby Malham
		Scosthrop
	Coniston Cold	Airton (split)
	Otterburn (split)	Otterburn (split)
		Hanlith
		Calton
		Eshton (split)
		Flasby with Winterburn
		Gargrave (split)
		Stirton with Thorlby (split)
		Embsay with Eastby Ward (split)
		Barden Fell Ward
		Halton East (split)
		Bolton Abbey (split)
		Beamsley (split)
		Hazelwood with Storiths
		Barden
		Burnsall
		Thorpe
		Cracoe
		Rylstone
		Hetton
		Bordley
		Appletreewick
		Grassington Ward
		Hartlington
		Hebden
		Grassington
		Linton

		Upper Wharfedale Ward	
		Threshfield	
		Conistone v Kilnsey	vith
		Hawkswick	
		Kettlewell v Starbottom	vith
		Arncliffe	
		Litton	
		Halton Gill	
		Buckden	

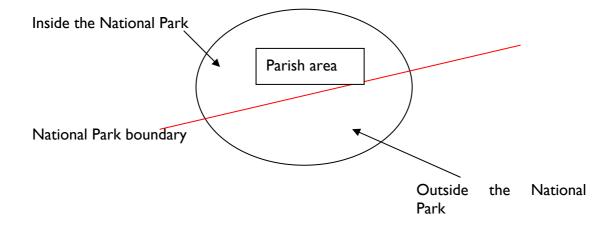
Although the parishes of the Yorkshire Dales National Park make up a large proportion of the total land available the population living within this area is actually quite low. In order to create accurate local standards it is important to have a clear picture of the actual population. Once theses figures have been created the population demographics of the District can be applied to them.

Total parish population

Where a parish has not been split by an analysis area boundary the total population has been used.

Split parish population

The population for each analysis area has been calculated using the total parish population and the distribution of postcodes within that parish. The distribution of postcodes within the National Park has been calculated using Map Info GIS system. An example of how this method is used has been provided below;



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For example, if the parish population for this area was 1000 people and 70% of the postcodes were found to be outside the Yorkshire Dales National Park, the population of the sector outside the YDNP would be calculated as 700 and the population within the YDNP as 300.

Relevant total parish populations and split parish populations have been added to create the populations for the analysis areas. These population figures are demonstrated below.

Analysis area	Population.
North Craven	7298
Settle sub area	7319
Skipton sub area	22,571
South Craven	12,953
Yorkshire Dales National Park	3,479
Craven District	53,620

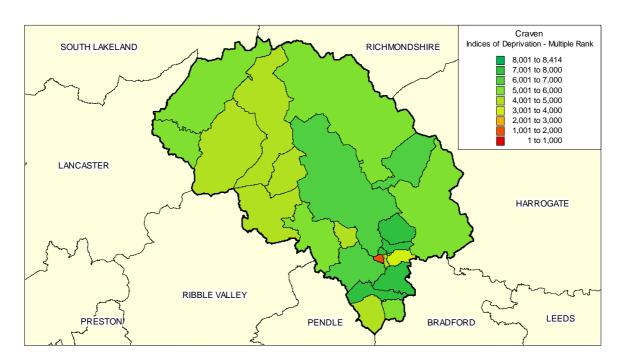
LOCAL DEMOGRAPHICS

Indices of multiple deprivation (IMD)

These statistics are produced by the index team at Oxford University for the Department of Transport, Local Government and the Regions (formerly DETR). The latest set of statistics available was published in 2000.

The Indices of Multiple Deprivation analyses deprivation according to key indicators:

- □ Income.
- Employment.
- □ Health Deprivation and Disability.
- □ Education, Skills and Training.
- Housing.
- Geographical Access to Services.



The map above demonstrates the deprivation of the Craven District by ward. The Skipton West ward is the only ward that could be considered deprived from this information. The majority of deprivation experienced elsewhere within the District is experienced due to poor geographical access to services.

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Area	Total Population	Percentage Male	Percentage Female	Percentage of under 16's	Percentage of over 60's	Percentage of Black & Minority Ethnic Groups	Percentage of households living in Detached Houses
Craven	53,620	48	52	18.9	26	1.4	25.8
England & Wales	52,041,916			20.2	20.9	9.1	22.8
Skipton & Sub Area		·				·	
Skipton North	3,308	48	52	17.7	26.1	1	
Skipton East	3,474	47	53	17.2	27.2	1	
Skipton West	3,734	48	52	19.6	22.5	9.2	
Skipton South	3,797	46	54	21.9	21.8	Ţ	
West Craven	1,763	51	49	18.4	26.9	1.1	
Barden Fell	1,695	49	51	20.1	24.6	0.4	
Embsay with Eastby	1,758	46	54	16.2	30.3	0.5	
Gargrave with Malhamdale	3,042	48	52	17.8	31.3	1.2	
South Craven & Sul	Area						
Cowling	2,096	49	51	22.3	17	1.4	
Sutton in Craven	3,480	49	51	21.0	21.9	0.7	
Glusburn	3,902	47	53	17.5	26.7	0.9	
Aire Valley with Lothersdale	3,475	48	52	20.9	23	0.5	
Settle & Sub Area						_	
Hellifield & Long Preston	1,781	49	51	18.6	24.7	0	
Settle & Ribblebanks	3,390	47	53	16.8	31.8	0.1	
Penyghent	2,148	52	48	21.9	24.3	2.3	
North Craven & Su	b Area						
Ingleton & Clapham	3,725	48	52	18.5	26.6	0.5	
Bentham	3,573	48	52	18.7	24.5	1.5	
Yorkshire Dales Na							
Grassington	1,584	47	53	15.7	36.6	0	
Upper Wharfedale	1,895	48	52	15.6	34.1	0.8	



Note: Several wards are split by the Yorkshire Dales National Park. Only the two wards that are completely within the boundaries of the National Park are included under the 'Yorkshire Dales National Park' sub-heading. Wards that are split have however been included elsewhere within the table.



The table overleaf provides a breakdown of relevant demographics to this study.

The demographics shown can be summarised as follows:

- Craven has an ageing population. The proportion of the population aged over sixty is greater in Craven (26%) than the national average (20.2%). Wards with a particularly aged population include Grassington, where 36.6% of people are aged over sixty and Upper Wharfedale (34.1%). Both of these wards are within the YDNP analysis area.
- There are a low number of children living in the Craven District. The proportion of children aged below sixteen years living in Craven (18.9%) is below the national average (20.2%). This percentage is lowest in Grassington (15.7%) and Upper Wharfedale (15.6%). However, this pattern is reversed in small pockets across the District, including Cowling (22.3%) and Pennyghent (21.9%).
- Craven has a small Black Minority Ethnic (BME) population. The percentage of BME populations within Craven (1.4%) is much smaller than the national average (9.1%). There is only one ward with a high proportion of BME groups (9.2%), Skipton West, here the percentage of BME persons is greater than the national average. Many wards, however, contain no BME groups including Grassington, Hellifield and Long Preston.
- A large proportion of people live in detached housing. Over a quarter of Craven residents live in detached housing (25.8%) This is slightly higher than the national average (22.8%). The proportion of detached housing does not reflect the low population density of the Craven District. Many houses tend to be terraced and grouped together along transport routes or within small settlements.

Rural and Urban Definitions

In 2002, the Office of the Deputy Prime Minister (ODPM) concluded a review of Urban and Rural definitions as a follow-up to the Urban and Rural White Papers. The review examined government needs for urban and rural definitions, identified the definitions available, assessed their strengths and weaknesses and established a small set of definitions that would meet a broad range of user needs. Each of the analysis areas has been analysed following these guidelines to inform both the assessment and strategy reports. The definitions are based on land use and settlement size and classification of administrative areas. All wards in the Craven District are defined as rural apart from the urban wards of Skipton Central, Skipton East and Skipton South West.

LOCAL CONTEXT

Craven is one of England's most outstanding scenic areas, with a combination of moorland, fells and meadowland, and historic market towns. It covers the southern part of the Yorkshire Dales National Park, including the upper parts of Airedale, Wharfedale and Ribblesdale and incorporates the Wenning Valley, near Bentham.

The largest centre is the market town of Skipton, which itself attracts many tourists and is a natural shopping centre for the rural community surrounding it. The District is mainly agricultural, but industry is prominent in some areas, particularly in Skipton and the larger towns and villages, for example Settle, Bentham, Ingleton and Sutton in Craven.

The District of Craven covers an area of approximately 117,994 hectares (over 430 square miles) and has a population of over 53,621. The district is made up of 73 individual parishes, which vary considerably in size and population due to the split of rural locations located outside as well as within the YDNP, and the more urban areas of the towns, Such variances range from the population of Skipton 14,316 to Nappa near Hellifield with a population of 10.

Analysis areas

A description of the five analysis areas used within this report follows.

Settle Sub Area

Defined as rural, the economy of Settle District has traditionally relied on agriculture, tourism and small-scale industry. This has been supplemented by the building of the Settle-Carlisle Railway and subsequent railway operation. At the centre of the region, Settle has historically been a busy, bustling trading and mustering post, being strategically placed on the main West/East Drove Road (and now on the A65) and the central North/South route. Settle lies within Craven District to the extreme West of the County of North Yorkshire. The main market town is Settle, which is were the majority of businesses are located and the weekly market is held. The total population for the Settle Sub Are is 7319, the demographic changes across Craven are exaggerated in Settle with a greater percentage of people of pensionable age than observed for Craven as a whole and notably fewer pre-school age children as a proportion of the entire population.

Yorkshire Dales National Park Sub Area

The Yorkshire Dales National Park Sub Area is situated in the north east third of Craven District, to the north it is bordered by Richmondshire District and to the east by Harrogate District. This particularly rural sub area has a population of 3479. The principal settlement within the area is the town of Grassington, which is surrounded by a number of smaller settlements including Threshfield, Linton,

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Hebden, Thorpe and Burnsall. This area has been defined as rural, the economy of this area relying heavily upon agriculture, tourism and service sector businesses. The sub area of the Yorkshire Dales National Park is the most rural district of Craven and is therefore especially reliable on efficient transport means to access facilities in the area. No mainline passenger rail service exists within Wharfedale, the nearest point for accessing railway connections is Skipton, rail services are limited and principally provide a link between the larger towns within Craven and towns and cities outside the Craven area. Bus Services are infrequent in most settlements of this sub area, particularly Arncliffe, Burnsall and Hebden.

This area is not included in the open space assessment.

South Craven Sub Area

Defined as rural, the geographical area known as South Craven comprises eight villages which when divided into 4 wards have a total population of 12,953. The strengths of South Craven are in its physical location and its proximity to many tourist areas. The geographical location allows for easy access to numerous employment and retail centres, namely Skipton, Nelson, Keighley, Bradford and Leeds. There is direct access to the motorway and railway networks and to two international airports.

North Craven Sub Area

The rural defined area of North Craven is 24,116 hectares and has a total population of 7298. The district forms a natural western gateway to the Yorkshire Dales National Park. The majority of the land acreage is given over to agriculture. However, the economy of the area is being increasingly influenced by the need to service a growing tourist industry.

Skipton

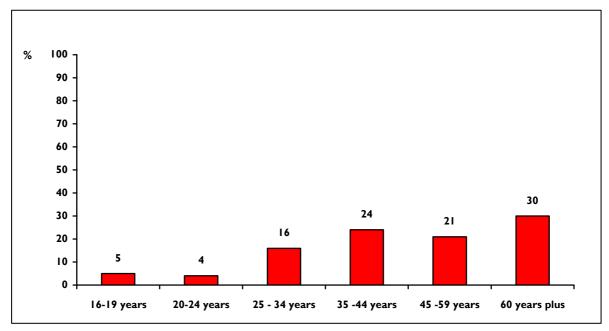
Skipton is an attractive market town serving a large rural area incorporating the remainder of the Craven District. Just outside the National Park boundary, Skipton prides itself on being 'The Gateway to the Dales'. Skipton is defined as an urban area with three wards matching this description: Skipton South West, Skipton Central and Skipton East. The total population of the area of Skipton is 22,571. Within Skipton is the historic Skipton Castle, which is a major tourist attraction and the side variety of shopping across the town attracting visitors on a regular basis in addition to the weekly markets on Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.

Skipton has a rapidly expanding industry initiated from the Leeds Liverpool canal, which runs directly through the Centre of the town.

GENERAL OPEN SPACE, SPORT AND RECREATION FACILITY FINDINGS

The Craven District Assessment of Open Space, Sport and Recreation Facilities was conducted using the aforementioned methodology. The following results are generic to the report as a whole and provide an insight into the needs and opinions of the Craven population.

Figure 1: The Age of Respondents



Almost one third of respondents (30%) are aged over sixty years old. Older people have different needs and interests to young people and younger adults, which will have an impact on the responses provided.

% 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 Local Park, Egrover, Curving state Hone of the deeportes Wattre Teservel nature conservation area Green corridor I making route Recreation ground I tootball pitcheel re. Churchyard cemetery Civic I on Breen space Childrens play area

Figure 2: Proportion of respondents visiting forms of open space in the previous 12 months

The most frequently visited facility is a churchyard/cemetery (35%), followed by a village hall (34%) and a local park or garden (34%). Civic space/non-green spaces, allotments and green spaces in a housing estate were among the least frequently visited facilities (visited by less than 10% of respondents).

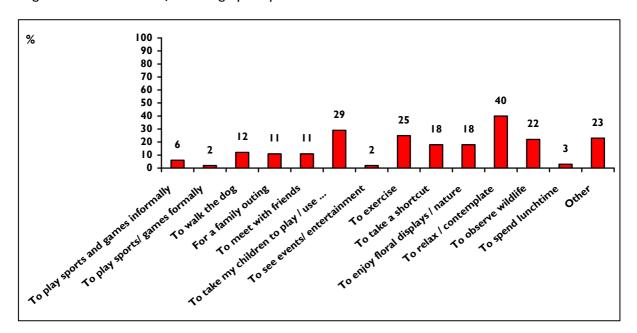


Figure 3: Main reasons for visiting open space

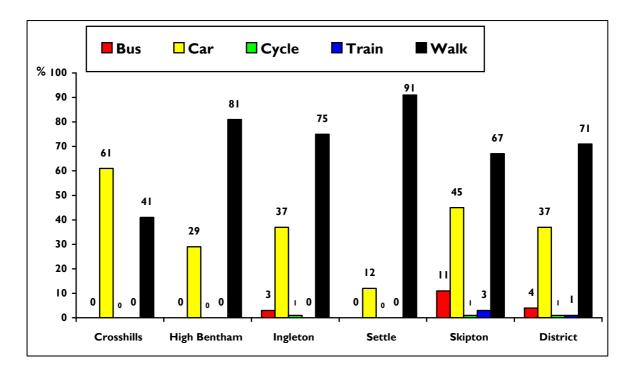
The	reasons given most often for visiting	provision in the last twelve months include:
	to relax/contemplate (40%). to meet with friends (29%).	
	to see events/entertainment (25%).	
The	main improvements to open space id	entified by respondents are:
	Cleaner/tidier open spaces	11%.
	Decrease building on them	8%.
	Improved maintenance	5%.
	Increase the number of dog bins	5%.
	Increase the number of litterbins	4%.

LOCAL ISSUES

Transport

The lack of frequent public transport and the large distances needed to travel to reach specific services are a problem across the Craven District.

Figure 4: Respondents method of transport to open space, sport/recreation facilities and village hall



The Craven Leisure Needs Assessment showed that the majority of respondents in the area travelled to open space and leisure facilities on foot (71%) demonstrating the need for local provision. Other methods include travelling by bus (4%), travel by car (37%), cycling (1%) and travelling by train (1%). It should be noted that as respondents could choose more than one option for their transport habits, the overall total exceeds 100%.

Craven is a rural area with a sparse population where services are principally delivered in Skipton and the market towns of Grassington, Ingleton, Bentham, Settle, and Crosshills/Glusburn. For a large proportion of the District access to recreation and services is dependant on the availability of adequate transport links.

Groups who are particularly reliant on public transport include:

- Young people under the age of 17.
- People with disabilities.

	Older people Members of single car families where one member needs the use of the car for work.
•	of the people in these groups are particularly vulnerable to becoming isolated not playing a part in the community.
Bus	Services
comr geogr eveni	ral operators provide bus services, through a mixture of contract and mercial operations. Although the network of bus services covers a wide raphic area, the frequency and routes of services are limited especially during ings and weekends. This can make bus travel impractical. The cost of public port is high due to the long distances between settlements in rural areas.
Bus r	outes that serve the Craven District include:
Distri	ct wide routes
	Skipton, York, Leeds and Harrogate. Ingleton, Lancaster, Leeds, Morecambe, Kirkby Lonsdale and Kendal. South Craven, Skipton, YDNP. (Keighley, Sutton-in-Craven, Crosshills, Cononley, Skipton, Cracoe, Threshfield, Grassington and Hebden.). Skipton, YDNP. (Skipton, Gargrave, Hellifield, Settle, Horton-in Ribblesdale, Hawes and Leyburn.).
YDNI	D
	Grassington, Buckden, Ilkley and Bolton Abbey. Infrequent services.
Skipt	on and Settle
	Skipton, Gargrave, Hellifield, Long Preston, Settle and Giggleswick.
Settle □	Infrequent services
North	n Craven
	Poorly served through bus services both internally and externally; Inadequately linked with both the District of Craven and other surrounding areas.

Rail Travel

There are three distinct rail services within the Craven area: The Leeds-Settle-Carlisle line serves the north of Craven with stations at Skipton, Gargrave, Hellifield, Long Preston, Settle, Horton-In-Ribblesdale and Ribblehead and provides access to West Yorkshire, Carlisle and Scotland. The Airedale line serves the south of Craven with stations at Skipton and Cononley and provides access to West Yorkshire and the cities of Leeds and Bradford.

Community Transport

There are 10 community transport operators within Craven and more are being encouraged through the Craven District Transport Partnership. Community transport can provide important facilities especially to users who find accessing public transport difficult due to disability or infirmity and has been highlighted in the Rural White Paper.

Craven District Council Concessionary Travel Scheme: The council offers concessionary travel to the following permanent residents of Craven District who have, or are likely to have problems with mobility:

- Men aged 65 years or over
- □ Women aged 60 years or over

Generally the scheme offers $\frac{1}{2}$ price travel to men and women over the age of 60 and people with disabilities.

The post bus is a local initiative that provides an easily accessible service to Skipton for rural communities. The post bus is free and completes one trip to Skipton every day except Sunday leaving mid morning and returning early afternoon.

CDC and NYCC have identified the lack of public transport. Although this problem has been acknowledged through an investment in community transport, it still does not compensate for the lack of a regular bus service and the perceptions of isolation created.

Housing

Economic and demographic trends directly impact on the housing need in Craven district. A number of factors including inward migration especially amongst the older age group, low wage levels, and multiplication of small households have led to an increased need for affordable housing.

Tourism

Tourism accounts for a significant element of the local economy both directly through accommodation and visitor attractions and also indirectly through the increase in trade experienced by local shops and services during the tourist season, which helps to support rural service delivery. In addition many local community groups also gain income from annual events, which attract tourists.

Playing Fields Associations

There are a number of playing fields associations (PFAs) operating within Craven District. The associations own, in the main, children's play areas, pitch and non-pitch facilities and often operate separately, as charities, to the parish council and even the LA. A brief description of each of the associations that were consulted is provided below. This list is not exclusive as there were a number of representatives that KKP was unable to contact.

Austwick Playing Fields Association

Austwick Playing Fields Association has been established since 1934 and has charitable status. It owns the following facilities:

- □ Football pitch which includes a cricket square
- □ Bowling green
- Two tennis courts
- Children's play area

Austwick Bowling Club and Austwick Tennis Club utilise the facility and are responsible for the maintenance of the green and tennis courts. The general maintenance of the pitch is contracted to an external body. Funds for this are raised via an annual village event. Ideally the drainage of the pitch could be improved as it does have a tendency to become wet.

The children's play area has recently been refurbished, with new equipment and resurfacing, by means of a substantial grant from the Lottery as well as the PFA's own funds.

A 'Planning for Real' event was carried out which resulted in identifying a need for some form of a practice wall for both tennis and football. The Tennis Club have recently applied for funding from the Foundation for Sport and the Arts for resurfacing the tennis courts. If this is successful it is hoped that some of this funding will be used to erect the wall.

The recreation area at Austwick is well used by both local villagers and tourists. An increasing problem, however, is the escalating cost of insurance. This has had a negative impact on the operating costs over the last two years. Austwick Village is

very small with approximately 450 residents and it is proving ever more difficult to raise funds for the upkeep and maintenance of the facilities. It would be quite useful to receive some support in terms of funding applications and sources of information about the relevant funding organisations that are available.

Bentham Playing Fields Association

Bentham Playing Fields Association (PFA) has been established since the 1960s and has charitable status. It leases the field from the local factory paying a peppercorn rent. The land is tied in a bond in that it can be utilised for recreational purposes only.

The PFA owns the following facilities:

- □ Clubhouse including small bar, lounge area, kitchen, toilets and changing rooms
- Cricket and football pitch
- □ Two tennis courts
- □ Children's play area

The whole of the recreational area is under refurbishment of which there are three phases. Phase one involves additional land, which has been leased from CDC, being drained and prepared as a mini football pitch and small training area. This has been partly funded through the Countryside Agency as part of the Bentham Market Town Initiative and partly through NOF. The PFA has also contributed 10% although some assistance will be required in completing this project.

Phase two involves building new changing rooms so that the existing clubhouse can be used solely as the lounge area. This new changing block will include two changing rooms, an officials room and shower and toilet area. These are in the process of being built and it is anticipated that they will be completed by the end of April. Some funding was received from the Football Foundation as well as the Countryside Agency.

Phase three was planned to re-surface the tennis courts as they are in poor condition. A tennis club did used to play at the site but has since disbanded. The courts are however well used by holiday-makers through the summer. The PFA would have liked to refurbish them but has no funding to carry this out as yet.

The children's play area was dilapidated and was quite dangerous to use. This has since been knocked down and a small play area for children under five is in the process of being built. This will include a slide, swings and a playhouse. The PFA did have intentions to build a skatepark close by but again lack of funding is hindering the development of this.

The recreational area is well used by local residents as there is no other similar facility in the vicinity and it is vital that the above planned developments are completed. The PFA would like some assistance in completing them.

Long Preston Playing Fields Association

Long Preston Playing Fields Association has been established since 1995 and has charitable status. A local farmer sold just over one acre of land to the parish council, which the PFA manage. This has since been developed into the following:

- □ Grassed play area
- □ Senor football pitch
- Two tennis courts

There is no clubhouse although the PFA would like to erect one once the Association applies for external funding. The final phase of developing the greenspace area is to include a bowling green. Funds are currently being raised for this, potential sources include Awards for All, the Lottery and the Foundation for Sport and the Arts.

Current users of the recreational area include the local primary school, a village cricket team that plays on an informal basis and villagers and ramblers. An application for a grant has been made to undertake some tennis coaching for young people in the area. This is hoping to be carried out by lan Nash, an accredited tennis coach.

Market Town Renaissance Initiatives

The retail and business sectors of many market towns are perceived to be in decline and in need of revitalisation, but more than this, the health of market towns can affect the health of a rural area. The Countryside Agency have, therefore, taken a national overview and integrated its own policies for the countryside and demonstrating the practical application of these in area-based approaches focused on market towns.

Definitions

The term 'market town' is used to mean towns approximately between 2000 and 20,000 in population, with a history of, or potential of, supporting and servicing a rural hinterland. The presence of a 'market' as such is not a determining feature, more important is the relationship of the town to which the hinterland and its capacity to act as a local service centre.

Yorkshire and the Humber region pilot

This pilot programme began in April 2000 and will assist smaller market towns across the region in partnership with Yorkshire Forward. The programme will operate for a period of six years and will demonstrate how strategic partnership working can deal with multiple issues facing market towns and their rural hinterlands.

The programme will be driven by the Countryside Agency in the region alongside Yorkshire Forward, who together will co-ordinate and control the programme, including assisting bids, allocating funding, monitoring progress, providing expert advice and guidance and ensuring value for money.

The main aim of the programme is to reinforce the role of market towns as local capitals or service centres both for their residents and for surrounding rural communities and countryside. Ideally the programme would like to establish market towns as:

- a comprehensive local service centre, adequately filling the gap in the hierarchy of settlements between village and city;
- □ the focus for properly planned and co-ordinated public transport;
- places that capitalise upon and seek to maintain their distinctive character, heritage and environment and
- vibrant, sustainable communities where development for housing and jobs in particular are welcomed because it reinforces the character of the place while meeting the needs of rural society.

	-	n	ma	rl/0+	towns
•	LIU	ven	ma	IKEL	LOWIE

There are three market towns within Craven District:

- □ Bentham
- □ Settle
- □ Skipton

Bentham has received funding via the market town initiative to improve the pitch facilities at the site whereas Settle and Skipton both have formulated draft reports detailing their aims and actions. These are outlined further in the outdoor sports facilities assessment report and built facilities assessment report..

Appendix one

List of parish councils and meetings that did not respond to the questionnaires:

- Airton Parish Meeting
- Appletreewick Parish Council
- □ Bank Newton Parish Meeting
- Beamsley Parish Meeting
- Buckden Parish Council
- Bordley Parish Meeting
- Burnsall Parish Meeting
- Coniston Parish Council
- □ Cowling Parish Council
- Cracoe Parish Council
- Glusburn Parish Council
- Halton Gill Parish Meeting
- Hanlith Parish Meeting
- □ Hartington Parish Council
- Hawkswick Parish Meeting
- Hazelwood with Storiths Parish Meeting
- Hetton Parish Council
- Hetton Parish Meeting
- □ Kettlewell with Starbotton Parish Council
- Kirby Malham Parish Meeting
- □ Kirby Malhamdale Parish Council
- □ Long Preston Parish Council
- □ Long Preston Parish Meeting
- Malham Parish Meeting
- Malham Moor Parish Meeting
- Martons Both Parish Meeting
- Otterburn Parish Meeting
- Rylstone Parish Meeting
- Scosthrop Parish Meeting
- Swinden Parish Meeting
- □ Thorpe Parish Meeting
- □ Threshfield Parish Council
- Wigglesworth Parish Meeting

Appendix two - Proforma's and questionnaires

Market Research UK questionnaire

FINAL MARKET RESEARCH UK

40 Princess Street Manchester MI 6DE



			social research					
CRAVEN OPEN SPORT & RECE FEBRUARY 200	REATION SURVEY	OFFICE USE Serial Number						
NAME								
ADDRESS		JOB NUMBER	1 0 2 2 1					
		INTERVIEWER						
		ID NUMBER						
		QUESTIONNAIRE						
POSTCODE		NUMBER						
TELEPHONE		AGE OF RESPOND	ENT					
		WORKING STAT RESPONDENT	US OF					
START TIME (2	24-hour clock) FINISH TIME (24-hour clock)						
conducting a s	survey for Craven Distric	rom Market Research UK ct Council on the provision	n of open space,					
•		Craven. This includes the	•					
		tion grounds and village hall						
you some que	some questions. It should not take longer than 10 minutes. All answers you							

give will be treated with	the strictest confi	identiality. Only	the combined	views of all
respondents will be analy	sed and presented	back to Crave	n District Coun	cil.

This	interview	has	been	conducted	within	the	Code	of	Conduct	of	the	Market
Rese	arch Socie	ty.										

INTERVIEWER SIGN :	
DATE	
INTERVIEWER PRINT	

FINAL MARKET RESEARCH UK 40 Princess Street Manchester MI 6DE (1) (2) (3) (4) CRAVEN OPEN SPACE SPORT & RECREATIONAL SURVEY **JANUARY 2004** (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) 2 0 2 **JOB NUMBER** (10) (11) (12) (13) **INTERVIEWER** PLEASE LEAVE THIS SPACE **ID NUMBER BLANK QUESTIONNAIRE NUMBER** START TIME (24-hour clock) FINISH TIME (24-hour clock) (15) (16) (17) (19) (20) This interview has been conducted within the Code of Conduct of the Market Research Society. INTERVIEWER SIGN DATE **INTERVIEWER PRINT** CODED **EDITED BY** (22) (23) (24) (25) BY

DATE

DATE

AREA TYPE	AREA LOCATION	(26)
Craven I		1
Craven 2		2
Craven 3		3
Craven 4		4

SHOW MAP HIGHLIGHTING CRAVEN

	W MAP HIGHLIGHTING CRAVEN		
Q1	Do you live in Craven?	(27)	ROUT E
	Yes	1	Q2
	No		THANK &
		2	CLOSE
Q2	INTERVIEWER CODE GENDER	(28)	ROUT E
	Male	1	Q3
	Female	2	
Q3	SHOWCARD 1: Which of the following age groups do		ROUT
	you fall into?	(29)	E
	Under 16		THANK &
		1	CLOSE
	16 - 19	2	Q4
	20 - 24	3	
	25 - 34	4	
	35 - 44	5	
	45 - 59	6	
	60+	7	

Q4	SHOWCARD 2: Which of these open space, sport and			
	recreational facilities have you visited in the last 12			ROUT
	months? MULTICODE			E
Α	Allotment	1	(30)	
В	Churchyard/ cemetery	1	(31)	Q5
•	Ol The shorts are			1 st
С	Children's play area	1	(32)	column
D	Civic space/ non-green space ie insert example	1	(33)	
E	Green corridor/ walking route ie insert example	1	(34)	
F	Nature reserve/ nature conservation area	1	(35)	
G	Large park/ garden ie insert example	1	(36)	
Н	Local park/ garden	1	(37)	
1	Green space on housing estate	1	(38)	
J	Sport/ leisure centre	1	(39)	
K	Village hall	1	(40)	Q6
				2 nd
L	Recreation ground ie football pitches/ tennis courts	1	(41)	column
	None of the above	1	(42)	Q12

AT Q5 AND Q6 FOR RESPONDENTS CODED A-I AT Q4 USE FIRST COLUMN, FOR RESPONDENTS CODED J-L AT Q4 USE SECOND COLUMN

Thinking about the open spaces you have visited, for what reasons do you visit such facilities? MULTICODE		CTIO I AT	SEC N J-	_	ROU TE
To play sport/ games informally	1	(43)	1	(44)	Q6
To play sport/ games formally (eg attend a class, play a competitive game)	1	(45)	1	(46)	
To walk the dog	1	(47)	1	(48)	
For a family outing	1	(49)	1	(50)	
To meet with friends	1	(51)	1	(52)	
To take my children to play/ use the play area	1	(53)	1	(54)	
To see events/ entertainment	1	(55)	1	(56)	
To exercise	1	(57)	1	(58)	
To take a shortcut/ pleasant route	1	(59)	1	(60)	

To enjoy floral displays/ nature	1	(61)	1	(62)
To relax/ contemplate	1	(63)	1	(64)
To observe wildlife	1	(65)	1	(66)
To spend lunchtime	1	(67)	1	(68)
Other (Please specify for section A to I)	(69)	(70)		
Other (Please specify for section J to L)				

Q6	How do you usually travel for this purpose?	SEC N A- Q4	CTIO I AT	SEC N J- AT (L	ROU TE	
	Bus	0	1	0	1	Q7	
	Car	0	2	0	2		
	Cycle	0	3	0	3		
	Tube / train	0	4	0	4		
	Walk	0	5	0	5		
	Other (Please specify for section A to I)						
	Other (Please specify for section J to L)						

FOR EACH VENUE TICKED AT Q4, ASK Q7 & Q8 THEN GO TO Q11

Q7 **SHOW CARD 3:** How often have you visited this type of venue in the last 12 months?

Q8 Have you visited a venue in Craven, outside or both? **REFER TO MAP IF REQUIRED**Q14

	Q7 - How often visited								Q8 - In Craven					
	More than once a week	Onc e a wee k	2-3 time s a week	Once a mont h	Less than once a mont h	Don 't kno w		In Crave n	Outsi de Crave n	Bot h	Don' t kno w			
Allotment	1	2	3	4	5	6	(71)	1	2	3	4	(72		
Churchyard/ cemetery	1	2	3	4	5	6	(73)	1	2	3	4	(74		
Children's play area	1	2	3	4	5	6	(75)	1	2	3	4	(76		
Civic space/ non- green space	1	2	3	4	5	6	(77)	1	2	3	4	(78		
Green corridor/ walking route	1	2	3	4	5	6	(79)	1	2	3	4	(80		

Nature reserve/]
nature	1	2	3	4	5	6	(81)	1	2	3	4	(82)
conservation				-			(-1)	-				()
area												
Large park/	1	2	3	4	5	6	(83)	1	2	3	4	(84)
garden			_	-	_		()	·	_			(= 1)
Local park/	1	2	3	4	5	6	(85)	1	2	3	4	(86)
garden	-		_	-	_		()	·	_	_		()
Green space on	1	2	3	4	5	6	(87)	1	2	3	4	(88)
housing estate	-		_	-	_		()	·	_	_		()
Sport/ leisure	1	2	3	4	5	6	(89)	1	2	3	4	(90)
centre	-	_		-			(00)		_		•	(00)
Village hall	1	2	3	4	5	6	(91)	1	2	3	4	(92)
Recreation	1	2	3	4	5	6	(93)	1	2	3	4	(94)
ground		_					(55)	•	_			(0.)

ASK (Q9 IF NO RESPONSES IN Q4 SECTION A-I SELECTED. ELS What are the main reasons that you do not use open	E GO TO	Q11.	ROUT
	spaces? MULTICODE			E
	Don't know where the facilities are	1	(95)	Q10
	Fear of crime/ personal safety	1	(96)	
	Too expensive	1	(97)	
	Facilities are too far away	1	(98)	
	Not interested	1	(99)	
	Mobility and access problems	1	(100)	
	Not maintained or in a state of disrepair	1	(101)	
	Wrong type of facilities provided	1	(102)	
	Don't know	1	(103)	
	Other (Please specify)			
		(104)	(105)	
•				
_	Q10 IF NO RESPONSES IN Q4 SECTION J-L SELECTED. EL What are the main reasons that you do not use sport and	SE GO	ΓΟ Q1	
	recreational facilities or village halls? MULTICODE			ROUT E
	-			_
	Don't know where the facilities are	1	(106)	Q11
	Fear of crime/ personal safety	1	(107)	
	Too expensive	1	(108)	
	Facilities are too far away	1	(109)	
	Not interested	1	(110)	
	Mobility and access problems	1	(111)	
	Not maintained or in a state of disrepair	1	(112)	
	Wrong type of facilities provided	1	(113)	
	Don't know	1	(114)	
	Other (Please specify)			
		(115)	(116)	
ASK A				
Q11	SHOWCARD 4: How important are open spaces to			ROUT
	you?	(117)		E
	Vary important	1		Q13
	Very important			પાડ
	Quite important	2		040
	Not very important	3		Q12

	Not at all important	4	
	No opinion	5	Q13
Q12	Why do you say that? RECORD VERBATIM		ROUTE
			Q13
Q13	SHOWCARD 4: How important are sports and		ROUT
	recreational facilities to you?	(118)	E
	Very important	1	Q15
	Quite important	2	
	Not very important	3	Q14
	Not at all important	4	
	No opinion	5	Q15
Q14	Why do you say that? RECORD VERBATIM		ROUTE
			Q15
Q15	SHOWCARD 4: How important are village halls to you?	(119)	ROUT E
	Very important	1	Q15
	Quite important	2	
	Not very important	3	Q16
	Not at all important	4	
	No opinion	5	Q15
Q16	Why do you say that? RECORD VERBATIM		ROUTE
			Q17

Q17 **SHOW CARD 5:** How would you rate the overall quality in Craven of the following?

RO UTE

Q1

						Don'	
	Very	Good	Averag	Poor	Very poor	t	
	good	Good	е	1 001	very poor	kno	
						w	
Allotments	1	2	3	4	5	6	(120)
Churchyards/ cemeteries	1	2	3	4	5	6	(121)
Children's play areas	1	2	3	4	5	6	(122)
Civic spaces/ non-green	1	2	3	4	5	6	(123)
spaces	·	_		7			(123)
Green corridors/ walking	1	2	3	4	5	6	(124)
routes		_		-			()
Nature reserve's/ nature	1	2	3	4	5	6	(125)
conservation areas		_					(123)
Large park/ gardens	1	2	3	4	5	6	(126)
Local park/ gardens	1	2	3	4	5	6	(127)
Green space on housing	1	2	3	4	5	6	(128)
estates	·	_		7			(120)
Sports/ leisure centres	1	2	3	4	5	6	(129)
Village halls	1	2	3	4	5	6	(130)
Recreation grounds	1	2	3	4	5	6	(131)

Q18	State the <u>two</u> most important ways in which open space within Craven can be improved? RECORD VERBATIM	es			ROUTE
					Q19
Q19	State the <u>two</u> most important ways in which sports and recreational facilities within Craven can be improved? RECORD VERBATIM				ROUTE Q20
Q20	State the <u>two</u> most important ways in which village halls Craven can be improved? RECORD VERBATIM	within			ROUTE Q21
Q21	Do you own/have regular access to a car?		(132)		ROUT E
	Yes No		1 2		Q22
Q22	Do you have any children at home? If yes how old are they? (Write in)		(133)	(134)	ROUT E
	No children 0 - 4 5 -9 10 - 15 15+		0	1	Q23
Q23	Do you have your own garden at home or access to a communal garden?		(135)		ROUT E

Own garden	1	Q24
Communal green space/garden	2	
No garden	3	

Q24 SHOW CARD 6: How would you describe your ethnic

group? (136) (137) **ROUTE**

Q25

WHITE	British	0	1
	Irish	0	2
	Any other White background	0	3
MIXED	White & Black Caribbean	0	4
	White & Black African	0	5
	White & Asian	0	6
	Any other mixed background	0	7
ASIAN OR ASIAN	Indian	0	8
BRITISH	Pakistani	0	9
	Bangladeshi	1	0
	Any other Asian background	1	1
BLACK OR BLACK	Caribbean	1	2
BRITISH	African	1	3
	Any other Black background	1	4
CHINESE OR	Chinese	1	5
OTHER ETHNIC	Other		
GROUP		1	6
Refused		1	7

Q25 Bearing in mind that your answer will be kept strictly confidential, would you mind telling me which of these

confidential, would you fill a telling the which of these			ROUT
best describes your current working status?	(138)	(139)	E
In full-time work	0	1	Q26
In part-time work	0	2	
Self employed	0	3	
Presently seeking work	0	4	
Permanently sick/disabled	0	5	
Wholly retired from work	0	6	
On a government training scheme	0	7	

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August 2004

In full-time education	0	8
At home/not seeking work	0	9
Other	1	0

Q26	SEG									ROUTE
	OCCUP	ATION C	OF CHIE	F INCO	ME EAR	NER				
	(Probe for POSITIO				en neces	sary to o	determin	e SEG)	_	
	QUALIF	ICATION	NS						_	
	NO. OF	STAFF I	RESP. F	OR					_	
	INTERV	IEWER (CODE:						(140)	ROUTE
	AB C1 C2 DE								1 2 3 4	GO TO Q24
	Q27				de? This survey					ROUT E
		(141)	(142)	(143)	(144)	(145)	(146)	(147)		END
		1	1	1			1	1		

THANK AND CLOSE

Parish Council questionnaire

Category:	Own	Other	Lease	If leased: please indicate who from (e.g. District Council)
Parks and gardens				
Natural and semi-natural green spaces (e.g. wildlife sites, woodland)				
Green corridors (e.g. footpaths, bridle-ways, cycle-ways)				
Allotments				
Cemeteries				
Children's play areas				
Outdoor sports facilities				
Amenity greenspace (sites adding to visual aesthetics eg roundabouts/ grass areas)				
Civic space e.g. market square/ memorial squares				

Site specific information							
Site Name	Location (road name)	Size (in hectares)	Current use e.g. children's play area	Type of equipment on site e.g. benches, swings slide etc. or number of pitches/courts e.g. 1 cricke pitch, 3 tennis courts			

General inform	nation:					
Are there any pla	ins to deve	lop new or existing open space (as	per the nine o	categories)	Yes	No
If 'Yes', please gi	ve details:					
Are there any iss	Are there any issues concerning open space provision e.g. re public rights of way?					No
If 'Yes' please giv	If 'Yes' please give details:					
Use of outdoo	r sports fa	acilities				
Are the outdoor sports facilities available for clubs and teams to use? Yes					No 🗌	
If used at present, p	_					
Site:	Sport:	Club/team name:	When play:	Club contact:		

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Does the Parish	Council	receive m	ore requests	to use the p	itches/cour	ts than it c	an accomr	nodate?	Yes No No
If Yes, please de	tail:								
Is there any unai	Is there any unauthorised/occasional use of the pitches?								
If Yes, please de	tail:								
Ancillary facili	ties:								
Are changing fac	ilities/ca	r parking a	available for te	ams using th	ne pitches/c	ourts?			Yes No No
If Yes, please de	tail the s	ite and nu	mber of facilit	ies available:	:				
Site:			Changing rooms	Officials room	Shower rooms	Toilets	Bar/ lounge	Team room	Parking spaces
			•			•	•		
			Good			Accep	table		Unacceptable



Pitches	A level playing surfa More than 80% gras Little sign of wear & No waterlogging Posts secure / no da	s cover tear	trusions	Minimal wear & tear Sloping playing surface Minimal waterlogging Posts secure but in need of minor attention			Uneven playing surface Little or no grass cover Signs of excessive wear & tear Significant waterlogging Posts loose & potentially dangerous. Remedial action required Potholing & rutting
Facilities	Sufficient changing a available pitches Clean & well decora Lockable changing re Sufficient shower ar Little sign of vandalis Separate changing fa male and female Separate changing fa adults and children Changing accommod toilets/showers for	ated coms eas & toilets sm cilities/ show cilities/show	vers for ers for	Reasonable changing accommodation for available pitches Clean but in need of redecoration Some segregated shower areas Some segregated, lockable changing areas		ecoration areas	Insufficient changing accommodation Dirty (mud, litter, graffiti) Communal shower area(s) Standing water & overpowering odour Limited lockable changing areas Un-repaired vandalism
Please tick the a	appropriate box to ind		ality of the p) and changing	g facilities (us	ing the table above) Unacceptable
Sit	e Name	Pitch	Facilities	Pitch	Facilities	Pitch	Facilities



Does the Parish/Town Council have any plans to increase or improve its outdoor sports provision? If yes, please give details:	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	



Indoor recreational space	Indoor recreational space							
Does the Parish/Town Council own/lease any indoor space which is used for recreational activities e.g. village hall, community centres etc? Yes No If yes please list below:								
Venue name	Location (road name and postcode)	Size if known	Current regular users e.g. keep fit classes, Brownies etc.					

THANK YOU FOR COMPLETING THE QUESTIONNAIRE



Sports questionnaires

Below is an example of the questionnaire used for football clubs. This was then adapted for each of the sports surveyed as part of the outdoor sports assessment.

CLUB IN	FORMATION		CRAVEN : FOOTBALL				
Name of	Club:	In which area	In which area of Craven (eg) is your by ground?				
Contact r	name, position (eg Secretary), with	n daytime telephon	e number:				
Teams eg: 1 x Senior 1 x u16	*League(s) / Competition(s)	When play eg Sat am	Home Ground (s) Address	Postcode			
	*If possible, please attach a	fixture list.		1			



In the previous f	ive years has the number of t	teams in your clu	ηp:		
Senior:	increased		decreased [stayed the
same 🗌					
Junior:	increased		decreased [stayed the
same 🗌					
If there has bee	n a change, please indicate ho	ow many teams a	nd the reasons fo	or the change:	
Do you have plans	s to increase the number of t	reams?			Yes 🗌
No 🗌					
If yes, please inc girls Where will they	licate how many more: play?	senior	□ junio	or boys 🗌	junior
girls 🗌	·	33,1101		··· -•/-• 山	jao.



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Does the club have a written sports development plan?	Yes 🗌	
If yes, please enclose a copy or indicate main objectives of the plan:		
Does the club have any facility/pitch development plans (eg pitch drainage, clubhouse impro	vement etc)	3
	Yes □	No
If yes, please give details:		
Have you applied for, or received, lottery or other funding over the past five years? No If yes, please give details:	Yes 🗌	
Types, please give defails.		
HOME GROUND - IF YOU HAVE MORE THAN ONE HOME GROUND PLEASE COMPLETE THE	S SECTION	FOR
BOTH/ALL USING SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY		
Name of ground or playing field:		

Is the ground owned, leased or released or released in the control of the control	nted by the c	owned 🗌	leased 🗌				
If leased or rented, please state who you lease or rent from:							
If leased, please state length of lease and when it expires:							
If rented please state the cost of renting the pitch per season:							
Who maintains the ground? Other □	Club 🗌	Council 🗌	Parish Council 🗌	School 🗌			
Is this your preferred home groun		Yes 🗌	No				
If no, please state where you woul	ld prefer to p	olay:					
How far do the majority of your p	Up to 2mls 🗌	2-5mls 🗌	5mls				
Does training take place site	*on yo	ur pitch 🗌	elsewhere at the	ground 🗌	**off		
* If train on pitch please indicate	* If train on pitch please indicate for how many hours per week:						
**If off site please give address	**If off site please give address of venue(s)						

How many pitches are there at your home ground? +	1 🗌 2 🔲	3	5 🗌 6				
How many are	Senior 🗌	Junior 🗌	Mini				
Do you have a designated pitch: Yes \(\subseteq \text{No} \subseteq \)	If Yes, please inc	dicate pitch numbe	r:				
Do you consider your designated pitch to be: undersize		correct size 🗌					
How many home matches did you play on your designated pitch last season?							
How many matches were cancelled (excluding frozen pitches) on the designated pitch last season?							
What were the main reasons for the cancellations?							
Has the quality of your designated pitch got better or wo	orse since last seas	on?					
Much better \square Slightly better \square No differ poorer \square	rence 🗌 💮 Sligh	ntly poorer 🗌	Much				
Please indicate why:							



If more pitches were available at your ground or in the area, would your club have more teams?						
Yes ☐ No ☐						
If yes, how many more teams and in which age groups?						
If better facilities were available at your ground would your club have more teams? Yes No No No No No No No No No No						
If Yes, What facilities would be required? (Eg more pitches, better changing facilities) ANCILLARY FACILITIES						
Are changing facilities available to your club? Yes 🗌 No 🗌 If Yes, how many rooms?						
						
Are there separate Senior /Junior changing areas available?						
Are there separate Male /Female changing areas available? Yes No						
Who owns the facilities? Club \square Council \square Parish Council \square School \square Other \square						
Who maintains the facilities? Club Council Parish Council School						
Other						
Does the facility have: officials room \square showers \square toilets \square kitchen \square access for disabled						
Are the facilities secured during matches? Is car parking available? Yes No						
Vog 🗆 No						
Is this adequate for all pitches? Yes No						



Does the ground have any of the following:							
clubhouse		fen	cing				
Has the site suffered from vandalism in the last year?	Yes		No				
If yes, please indicate specific incidences:							
Do any other clubs/teams play at this site?	Yes		No				
If yes, please could you let us have the name(s) (if known):							
Are there facilities for any other sport(s) at this site?	Yes		No				
If yes, please could you specify (eg tennis courts, cricket square etc):							
PITCH/FACILITY QUALITY							

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In the previous five years has there been an available for use in the area?	increase or increase	decrease in	the number decrease	•	s and facilities stayed the same
If there has been a change please indicate n	umber of pit	ches:			
In the previous five years has there been an available for use in the area?	increase or increase	decrease in	the quality decrease	of pitches	s and facilities stayed the same
If there has been a decrease please give details of specific problems over the quality:					
If there has been a decrease is this restrict Yes \(\subseteq \text{No } \subseteq \text{If yes, please give details:} \)	ing teams/p	layers from	playing?		



Please describe any	specific problems you have with	your designated pitch:	
Which are the three	e best pitches in you have played	on this season in Craven (if applicable) and	why?
1.	2.	3.	
Reasons:			
Which are the thre	e worst pitches you have played o	n this season in Craven (if applicable) and (why?
1.	2.	3.	
Reasons:			

Rating	Pitches	Changing facilities		
Good	 A level playing surface More than 80% grass cover Little sign of wear & tear No waterlogging Goal posts secure with no dangerous protrusions 	 Sufficient changing accommodation for available pitches Clean & well decorated Lockable changing rooms Sufficient shower areas & toilets Little sign of vandalism 		
Acceptable	 Approximately 50 % grass cover Minimal wear & tear Sloping playing surface Minimal waterlogging Goal posts secure but in need of minor attention 	 Reasonable changing accommodation for available pitches Clean but in need of redecoration Some segregated shower areas Some segregated, lockable changing areas 		

Unacceptable Using the scale above appropriate box)	 Little or no gree Signs of exces Significant ware Goal posts loos dangerous. Remedial action Potholing & rut 	Uneven playing surface Little or no grass cover Signs of excessive wear & tear Significant waterlogging Goal posts loose & potentially dangerous. Remedial action required Potholing & rutting Insufficient changing accommodation for available pitches Dirty (mud, litter, graffiti) Communal shower area(s) Standing water & overpowering odour Limited lockable changing areas Un-repaired vandalism Un-repaired vandalism			
ирргоргите вох)					
		Good	Acceptable	Unacceptable	N/a
Firmness of surface					
Grip underfoot					
Bounce of the ball on t	he pitch				
Evenness of pitch					П
Length of grass		\Box	$\overline{\sqcap}$		$\overline{\sqcap}$
Grass cover		Ī	\Box		\Box
Posts and sockets			\Box		
Line markings		H	H		H I
Free from litter, dog f	fouling etc	H			
Changing accommodation	-	H			
Showers - clean, hot, p	nemy of water.				
Value for money		Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш
Overall quality of pitch	1		П		



Access difficulties for members (cost, lack of public transport etc) Lack of information about local facilities / services Poor/no relationship with local clubs (facility usage / exit routes etc) Lack of voluntary assistance (committee members / coaches etc) Membership recruitment / retention	Are any of the following issues currently problematic for your club? (Please tick all that a	apply)			
Lack of external funding (parish council, governing bodies etc) Lack of appropriate local facilities Access difficulties for members (cost, lack of public transport etc) Lack of information about local facilities / services Poor/no relationship with local clubs (facility usage / exit routes etc) Lack of voluntary assistance (committee members / coaches etc) Membership recruitment / retention Other (please specify)	Lack of internal funding (subs / fund-raising)				
Lack of appropriate local facilities Access difficulties for members (cost, lack of public transport etc) Lack of information about local facilities / services Poor/no relationship with local clubs (facility usage / exit routes etc) Lack of voluntary assistance (committee members / coaches etc) Membership recruitment / retention Other (please specify)	5.				
Lack of information about local facilities / services Poor/no relationship with local clubs (facility usage / exit routes etc) Lack of voluntary assistance (committee members / coaches etc) Membership recruitment / retention Other (please specify)	Lack of appropriate local facilities				
Poor/no relationship with local clubs (facility usage / exit routes etc) Lack of voluntary assistance (committee members / coaches etc) Membership recruitment / retention Other (please specify)	Access difficulties for members (cost, lack of public transport etc)				
Lack of voluntary assistance (committee members / coaches etc) Membership recruitment / retention Other (please specify)	Lack of information about local facilities / services				
Membership recruitment / retention Other (please specify)	Poor/no relationship with local clubs (facility usage / exit routes etc)				
Other (please specify)	Lack of voluntary assistance (committee members / coaches etc)				
	Membership recruitment / retention				
Any further comments please:	Other (please specify)				
Any further comments please:					
Any further comments please:					
	Any further comments please:				
	,				

THANK YOU FOR COMPLETING THE QUESTIONNAIRE



Built facilities proforma

Built Facilities - Pro forma (some of this should be in the database and just needs checking for accuracy)

Facilities

- □ Who owns and maintains the facilities?
- □ Which indoor facilities does the centre/hall cater for?

Main Hall dimensions in meters, maximum capacity, is it accessible (yes,no,partial) **2**nd **room** dimensions in meters, maximum capacity, is it accessible (yes, no, partial) Any other **additional meeting rooms** ?? if so dimetions etc

Toilets- number of female & male toilets number fully accessible /ambient accessible **Kitchen** present/absent does it comply with health and safety regs? is it accessible ? (yes, no, partial)

Parking is any parking available? how many spaces?

Induction Loop – is it fitted in any of the building if so which rooms.

Additional Facilities please list eg stage, changing rooms, showers, post office, doctors surgery etc

Additional Equipment which can be borrowed or hired please list eg lighting and sound equipment, portable stage, display boards, projectors, screens etc

Condition

- □ Condition of facilities grade from very poor, below standard, average, good, excellent (please note if any of the following are particular areas for concern heating age/efficiency, interior decoration, windows, roof, floor surface)
- □ Is there any need for refurbishment/replacement?
- □ Does the building conform to DDA requirements?
- □ Is there any maintenance work or development planned for the future? If so where is the funding coming from? Has it already been allocated?

Usage

- □ How many groups regularly use the building eg, coffee mornings, playgroup, WI, evening classes, lunch clubs(please list) how many hours per month does each group use the building, how many people are in each group(estimates are fine)? Eg playgroup 2hours per week 20 members
- □ Are there any plans to increase/decrease the numbers of people using the building? Eg setting up youthclub / moving afterschool club to another venue?
- □ Are any activities not allowed? Eg ball games, youth groups, consumption of
- □ Are any activities not able to be carried out due to the state of the building eg too cold for older people, dangerous areas for toddlers?
- Does the building have an entertainments licence?

- □ Programme if possible get a copy of the programme. What time does the facility operate? Peak times?
- □ What is the booking policy? Degree the programme is left open for casual use and use of criteria to prioritise bookings. Is there clear access to the facility?
- □ Users where the catchment covers for regular users; proportion of users from target areas/group (e.g. male/female; junior/adult); potential to improve reach to target areas/groups
- □ What is the pricing policy/structure? Get prices. Is it cheaper to hire for people who live in the town/village?
- □ Does the village hall generate any income? Do they operate as a charity or a trust?

Links

- □ Links to public transport?
- □ Are there any links with local schools in terms of schools using the facility for after school clubs or during school hours?
- □ Are there any links with local clubs?
- □ Are there any links with other village halls/centres?
- □ Are there any links with sports development (for all sports)